



## Environmental Triaxial Automated System (ETAS)

**Overview:** The Environmental Triaxial Automated System (ETAS) is a temperature controlled load frame-based triaxial testing system. Key features include:-

- Frozen Soil Testing
- Gas Hydrate Testing
- High Pressure Testing
- High & Low Temperature Testing

The cooling system provides ideal conditions for frozen soil testing. Its high pressure testing capability (up to 100MPa) along with low temperature provides the ideal environment for Gas Hydrate Testing. The system also has the option for a Heating only system.

### Key Features:

### Benefits to the User:

Heating & Cooling Options: -40°C to +65°C -20°C to +80°C -10°C to +65°C	The cooling system uses a coiled tube section inside the cell, this is connected through the standard ports within the cell base to a glycol cooling unit allowing temperature transfer close to the specimen.
Optional Heating Only System: Ambient to 60°C Ambient to 100°C	The heating system works using thermal pads attached to the outside of the triaxial cell then enclosed within an environmental chamber to retain the heat. There are up to 4 temperature sensors relaying back to the control box for enhanced temperature accuracy.
High Pressure (Up to 100MPa):	High Pressure combined with low temperature make it ideal for Gas Hydrate testing.
Gas Hydrate Testing (Gaseous back pressures):	The ETAS can be adapted for gaseous back pressures such as Air, Carbon Dioxide, Nitrogen or Methane for Gas Hydrate testing.
Frozen Soil Testing:	Cooling to -20°C provide ideal conditions for frozen soil testing.

### Tests that can be Performed:

B-check, consolidated drained (CD) triaxial, consolidated undrained (CU) triaxial, consolidation (Triaxial), constant rate of loading (CRL), constant rate of strain (CRS), slow cyclic testing, K0 (K-Zero), multi-stage testing, quasi-static (low speed/creep) tests, stress paths and unconsolidated undrained (UU) triaxial. All tests can be performed with complete control of specimen temperature.

### Upgrade Options:

Bender elements, unsaturated testing, local strain transducers and gaseous back pressures.

### Technical Specification:

<b>Load Range (kN):</b>	50, 100, 250, 400, 500, 1000, 2000
<b>Pressure Range (MPa):</b>	8, 14, 16, 20, 32, 64, 100
<b>Sample Sizes (mm):</b>	38 to 150
<b>Available Temperature Ranges:</b>	
Heating Only:	Ambient 65°C, Ambient to 100°C
Heating & Cooling:	-40°C to +65°C, -20°C to +80°C, -10°C to +65°C

Fig 1. System set-up with Gas Hydrate option

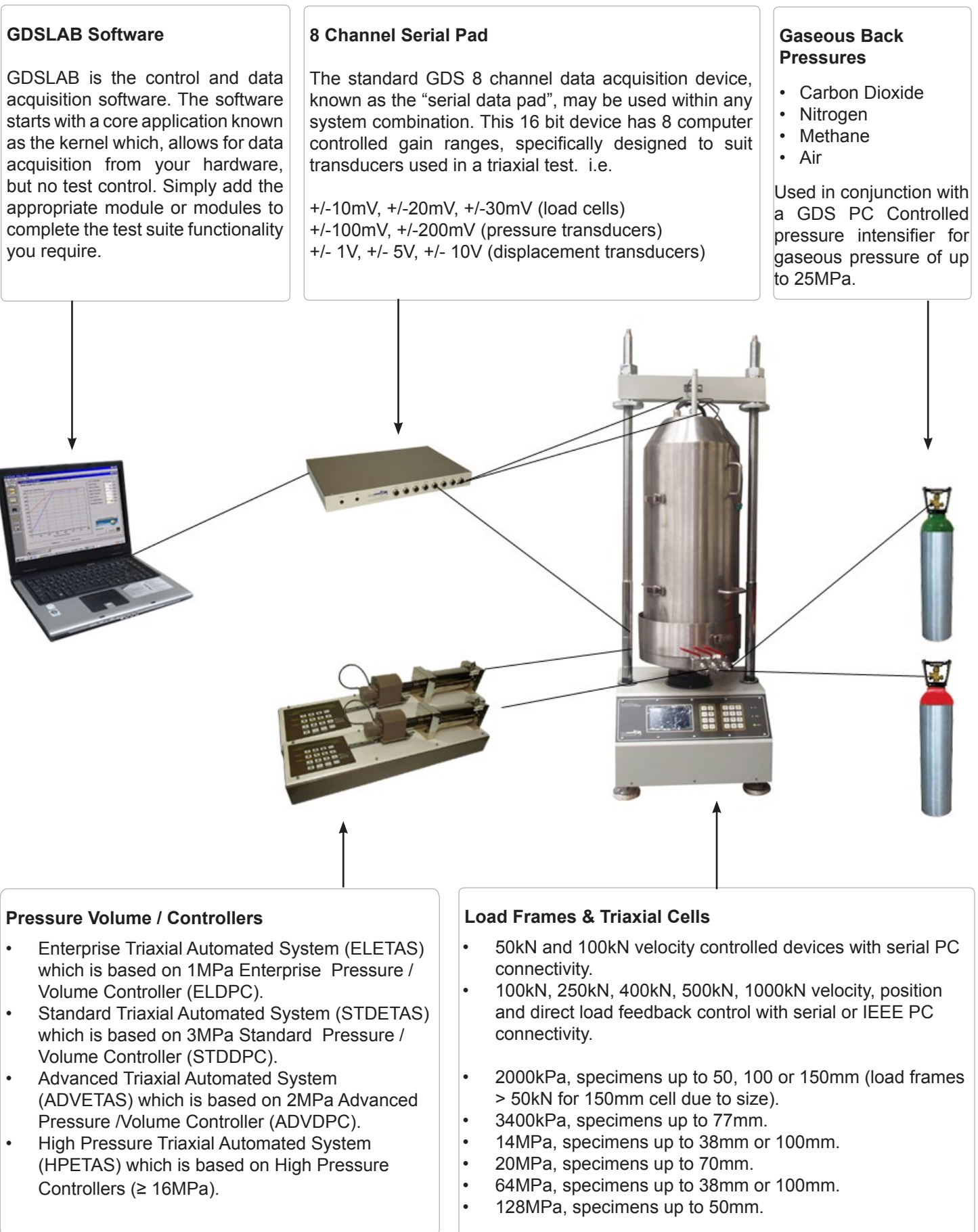
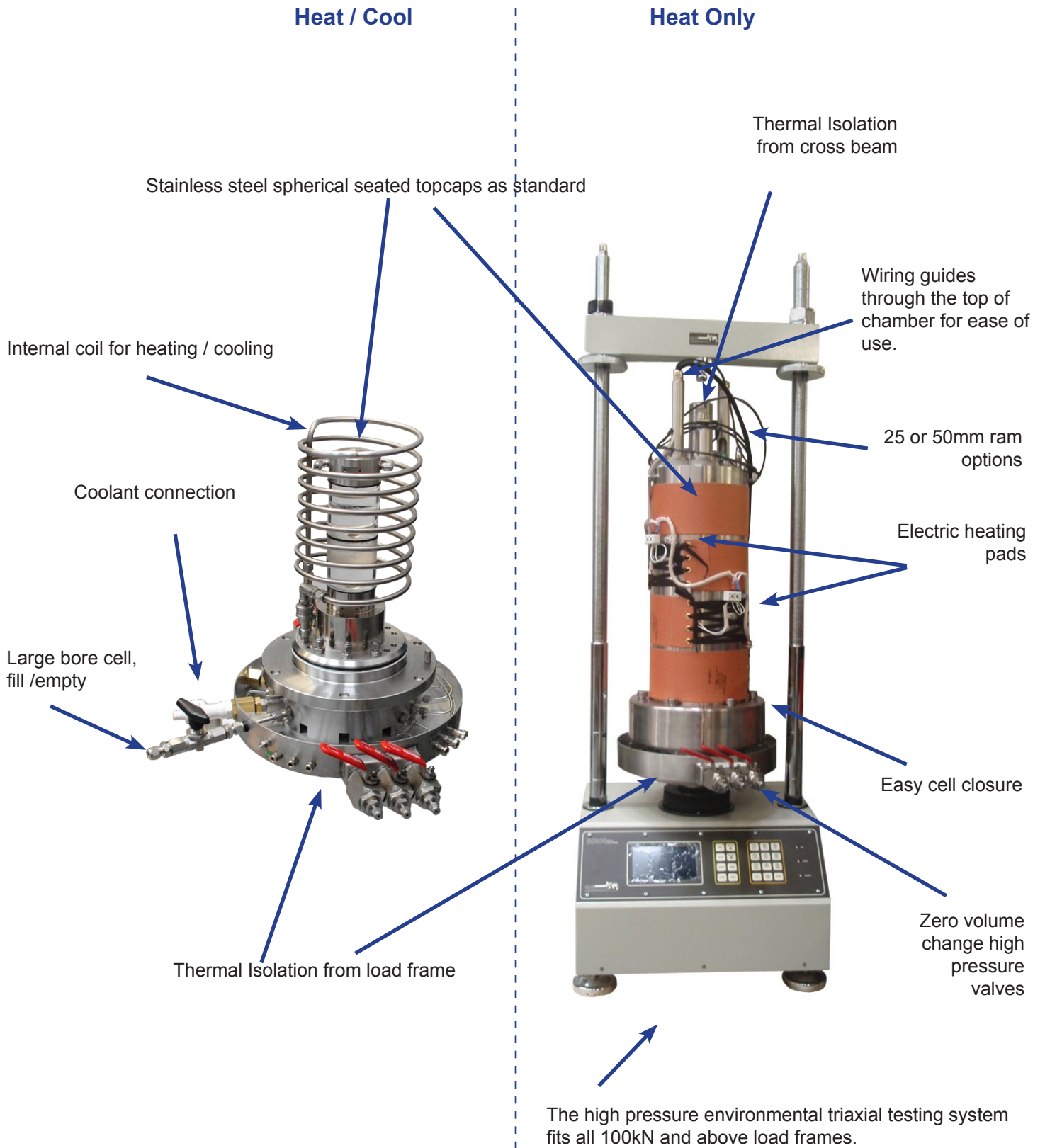


Fig 2. ETAS Temperature Controlled Features



### GDSLAB Control Software

GDSLAB is the control and data acquisition software for geotechnical laboratory applications. GDSLAB starts with a core application known as the kernel. The GDSLAB kernel allows for data acquisition from your hardware, but no test control. Simply add the appropriate module or modules to complete the test suite functionality you require. GDSLAB is compatible with all existing GDS equipment and furthermore key hardware from other manufacturers.

GDSLAB has the ability to be configured to your hardware of choice, no matter how unique the arrangement. A text file (\*.ini) or initialisation file is created that describes the hardware connectivity to the PC. The hardware layout is available in graphical format via the GDSLAB 'object display'. This makes setting up the devices and checking the connectivity extremely simple.

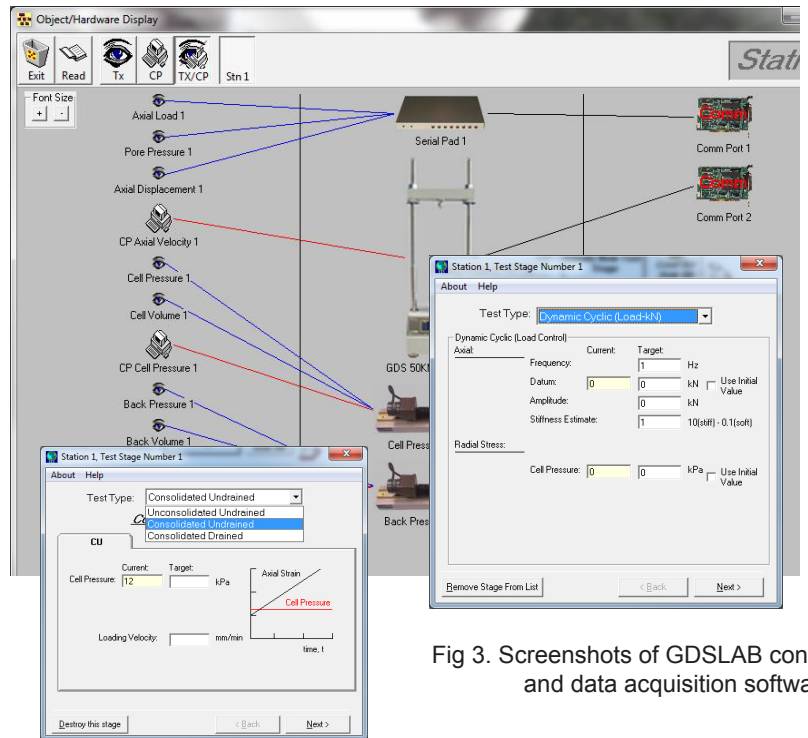


Fig 3. Screenshots of GDSLAB control and data acquisition software.

### GDSLAB REPORTS Presentation Software

GDSLAB REPORTS software presents data obtained by GDSLAB to the National Standard, BS 1377:1990. The program can be used to present data whether obtained from a GDSLAB data file or inputted by hand.

GDSLAB Reports can as be used with other manufacturer's dataloggers as well as all versions of GDS data logger. The results can be exported as a CSV file into Microsoft Excel, allowing the user to customise the layout of results.

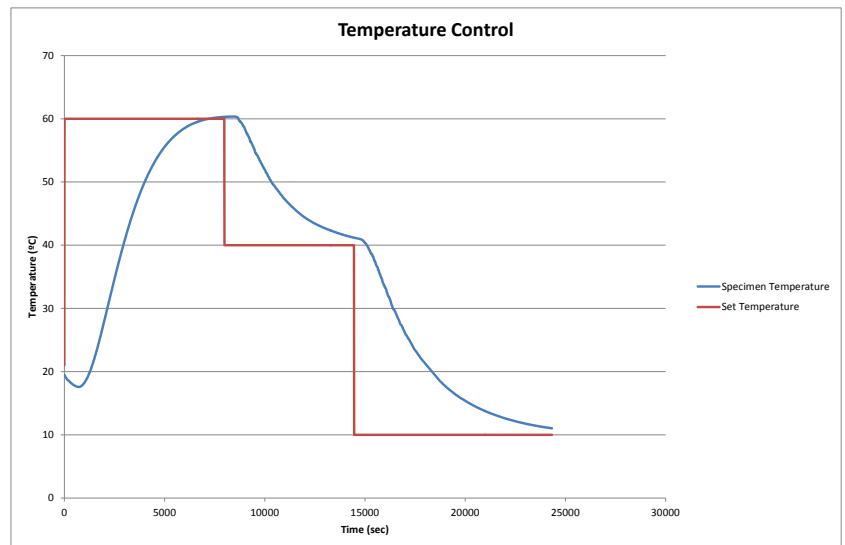


Fig 4. Example data for the rate of temperature change in a GDS HPETAS. Please note different system configurations will change the thermal properties and maximum rates of change of temperature.

### Applications



Frozen Soils



Gas Hydrate

Images courtesy of : U.S. Geological Survey Department of the Interior/USGS U.S. Geological Survey/photo by Suzanne Weedman (Frozen Soils) & J. Pinkston and L. Stern (USGS - Gas Hydrate & )

## Technical Specification

### Load Frame & Triaxial Cell:

<b>Load Range (kN):</b>	50, 100, 250, 400, 500, 1000, 2000
<b>Pressure Range (MPa):</b>	8, 14, 16, 20, 32, 64, 100
<b>Sample Sizes (mm):</b>	38 to 150 diameter
<b>Frame Computer Interface:</b>	USB

### Temperature Control:

<b>Combined Cooling / Heating:</b>	-40°C to +65°C, -20°C to +80°C, -10°C to +65°C
<b>Heating Only System:</b>	Ambient to 65°C, Ambient to 100°C
<b>Cooling Only System:</b>	Options to -40°C
<b>Computer Interface:</b>	RS232 serial cable

### Data Acquisition:

<b>8 Channel Serial Pad:</b>	May be used within any of the system combinations. This 16 bit device has 8 computer controlled gain ranges, specifically designed to suit transducers used in a triaxial test.
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### Pressure Controllers:

<b>ELDPC:</b>	Available in one configuration, 1MPa pressure and 200cc volume.
<b>STDDPC:</b>	Available in 200cc only, but with pressure ranges from 100kPa to 4MPa (default is 3MPa).
<b>ADVDPCC:</b>	Available in pressure ranges from 100kPa to 8000KPa and a volumetric capacity of 200cm <sup>3</sup> , or up to 2000kPa with avolumetric capacity of 1000cm <sup>3</sup> .
<b>HPDPC:</b>	The high pressure version is available in pressure ranges from of 8MPa to 150MPa and a volumetric capacity of 200cm <sup>3</sup> . High pressure controllers can be used with water, oil or air.

### Software:

<b>GDSLAB:</b>	Control and acquisition software.
<b>GDSLAB Reports:</b>	A program to produce results from data obtained by GDSLAB to National Standards, BS 1377:1990, ASTM D2850, D4767, D7181.
<b>Available Test Modules:</b>	SatCon (saturation & consolidation), Standard Triaxial (strain-controlled shearing), K0 Consolidation, Permeability, Stress Paths (q-p and s-t linear paths), Advanced Loading, 4D Unsat (stress paths for unsaturated soil)

### Upgrade Options:

<b>Bender Elements:</b>	The system can be upgraded to perform P and S wave bender element testing.
<b>Unsaturated Testing:</b>	The system may be upgraded to perform Unsaturated Testing using Method A or D (Method B on request).
<b>Local Strain Transducers:</b>	Hall Effect transducers may be used in water up to 1700kPa. LVDT transducers come in 2 versions low pressure (up to 3500 kPa) version for use in water & high pressure (up to 200 MPa) version for use in nonconducting oil.
<b>Gaseous Back Pressures:</b>	Air, Carbon Dioxide, Nitrogen & Methane.